



DESCRIPTION

Product	RVP-1303L, Influenza B Reporter Virus Particles (RVPs)
Lot	IBL-420A
Lineage	Yamagata
Strain	B/Phuket/3073/2013
Reporter	<i>Renilla</i> Luciferase
Size	1.0 mL/vial
Packaging	20% FBS/DMEM
Recommended Input	10 μ L per well (96-well plate) for a S:B \geq 200*
Mycoplasma Test	Negative
Expiration Date	October 2026

SAFETY & HANDLING

Shipping	Shipped on dry ice
Stability and Storage	Store at \leq -80°C upon receipt

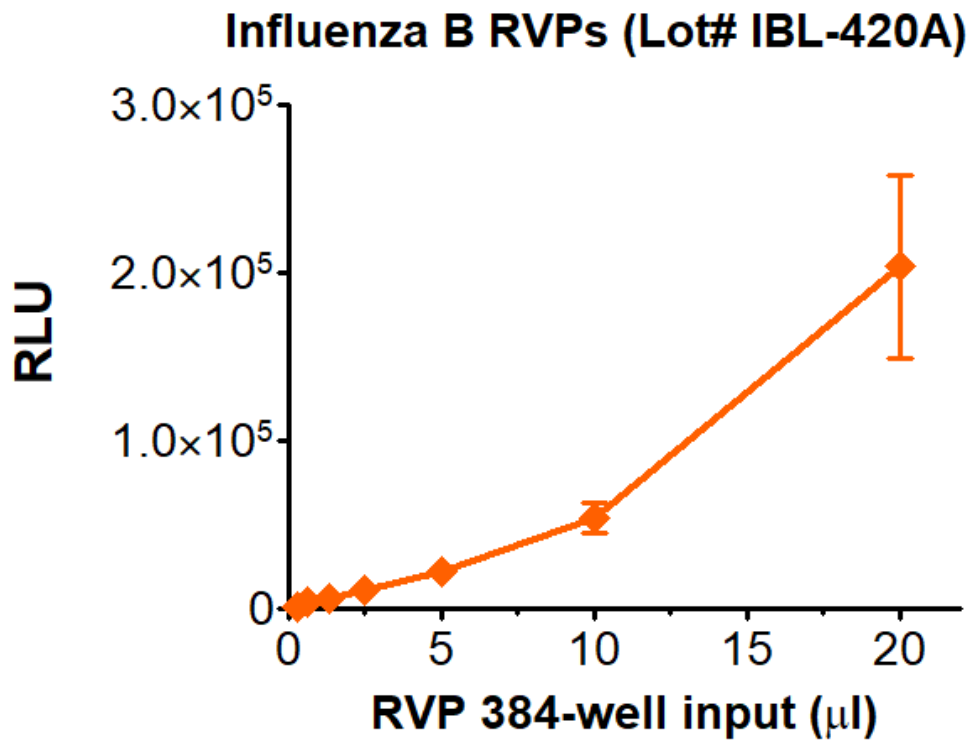
* Determined in the HEK-293T cell line

Influenza B RVPs are used to test the ability of serum, antibodies, and drugs to neutralize infectivity. RVPs display antigenically correct HA/NA protein pseudo-typed on replication-incompetent virus particles that contain a heterologous lentiviral (HIV) core. RVPs are capable of a single round of infection and carry a genome that expresses either a GFP or luciferase optical reporter gene upon infection. RVPs are produced in HEK-293T cells using four separate plasmids, encoding the HA protein, the NA protein, a lentiviral gag polyprotein, and a reporter gene.

RVPs are created using a second-generation lentiviral system with components that are highly unlikely to recombine to produce a fully infectious virus (requiring 3 separate recombination events to do so). However, lentiviruses are capable of genomic integration and RVPs are derived from biological materials and should be handled with caution within a BSL2 or enhanced BSL2 laboratory environment. RVPs are not to be used in humans or in animals raised for food.

Thaw tubes in a 37°C water bath for 3 minutes and place on ice until ready to use. RVPs will appear as a translucent, pink solution. Gently mix prior to use and pulse tube for 3 seconds at high speed in a tabletop microfuge to recover all volume from the tube. Vortexing of RVPs should be avoided. Re-freezing of RVPs is not recommended.

INFECTIVITY DATA



Infectivity determined in HEK-293T cells. *Renilla* luciferase activity measured using the Promega *Renilla*-Glo luciferase assay system (Promega #E2710). Sample luminescence was read using a Perkin-Elmer Envision plate reader.

SIGNAL TO BACKGROUND	
RVP 384-well Input (µl)	Signal: Background
20	4392
10	1265
5	524
2.5	267
1.25	140
0.63	87
0.31	34

Signal to background is calculated using mock infected cells as the negative control value. Data are based on replicates of four wells. Devices used to read luminescence will vary in relative light unit values based on their individual detectors and software, but the signal to background will be comparable across devices.